Typical Green Roof Design



Growing Medium

Drainage, Aeration, Water Storage and Root Barrier

Insulation

Membrane Protection and Root Barrier

Roofing Membrane

Structural Support





Growth Media

Media	Description
Arkalyte	Clay heated to 1000 °C
Bottom ash	Ash from coal power plant
Haydite	Shale heated to 1000 °C
Lava	Volcanic rock

Rooflite (Stalite), Midwest Mix, Glass, Pumice





SIUE Field Site



SIUE Field Site



Stormwater Results – Retention



Mean storm water retention (%) for study period 04/07-11/07 for green roof systems with 5, 10, 15, and 20 cm planted medium depths. (C=Control, P=Planted. Bars with same letter not significantly different at the p<0.05 level. Error bars + 1se).

Project #1 – Thermal Benefits

Control Membrane Temperature (40 °C)





Control Membrane Temperature (-4 °C)

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Growing Medium



Treatments with the same grouping letter are NOT statistically different, α =0.05

Energy Cost of a 50,000 m² Roof during Peak Hours



SIU





Storm water retention (%) of four planted growth mediums and control roofs for 24 weeks beginning August 8, 2006. Bars with different letters are significantly different (α <0.05). Error bars represent +1se. (n=3)



Mean pH levels for July 2, 2007 of 6 different media in planted 10 cm Green Roof BlocksTM. Bars with same letter are not significantly different, p<0.05. Error bars + 1 SE.

Results: Runoff Quality – Solids







Vegetation





Vegetated Media TSS



SIUE Student Success Center



Sloped Roofs



Sloped Roofs



Vegetated Walls



G.R.E.E.N. Research Goals

- Green Roof Prescriptions
- New Technologies
- Evaluate Problems
- Research Information Portal
- Energy Conservation
- Recyclable Materials

www.green-siue.com



