Panama: The Biological Bridge of the Americas A History of the Discovery of its Plants

Thomas B. Croat, Ph.D. Paul A. Schulze Curator of Botany 4 September, 2018



History of Botanical Exploration in Panama

Earliest exploration mostly restricted to the isthmus

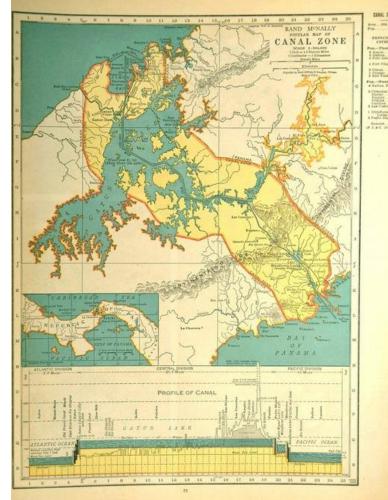
James Wallace (1700)- failed expedition to New Caledonia

colony in Darien

- Berthold Carl Seemann (1846-1849)
- P. D. Duchassaing (1849-51)
- Augustus Fendler (1850)
- K. Halsted (1850)
- Sutton Hayes (1860-1863)



Seemann





Early 20th Century Explorers

- Robert Statham Williams (1908)
- Charles Wesley Powell (1907-1927)
- Henri Francois Pittier (1911, 1914-15)
- William Ralph Maxon (1911, 1923)
- Ellsworth Paine Killip (1917-18, 1922)
- Charles Vancouver Piper (1923)
- Paul Carpenter Standley (1923-25)
- George Proctor Cooper (1927-28)
- A. M. Chickering (1928)
- Brother Paul (1934)





Williams

Powell



Killip



Pittier

Maxon

- Mary Elizabeth Terry (née Spence Davidson) (1938, mainly from Chiriqui & Darien)
- R. A. Terry (late 1930's, mainly from Darien)

MISSOURI BOTANICAL GARDEN

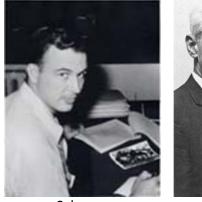
Piper

Post 1930's

Initiation of Missouri Botanical Garden's Flora of Panama

- Robert Everard Woodson, *Flora of Panama* began in 1934 •
- Robert W. Schery
- Russell J. Seibert
- Julian Alfred Stevermark
- Paul C. Allen
- Abel Aken Hunter \bullet
- Caroll William Dodge

Flora initiated too early, before enough samples were collected.









Woodson



Schery

Seibert

Steyermark

Allen

Dodge

Missouri Botanical Garden staff under Woodson- a powerhouse of talent that vanished on his death

James Duke





Calloway Dodson

Robert Dressler





Woodson B. St. Louis 1904 D. 1963

George Bunting





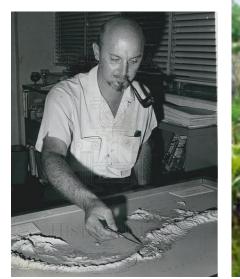
Missouri Botanical Garden

Yale University School of Forestry 1959–1990- A search for wood samples



Florida State University – 1957 onwards-Principally a teaching role for military

- Professors teaching classes for Army personnel:
- Robert K. Godfrey, Dept. Head
- Edwin L. Tyson
- Horace Loftin
- Students collecting in Panama:
- Robert L. Lazor (1969-1971)
- Sydney McDaniel (Aug 1968 Apr 1984)
- Kurt Blum (Jan 1965 Aug 1975)









Lazor

McDaniel on Franwood II

lum



Army Tropic Test Center - Miraflores Locks

- Operated at Miraflores Locks 1965-1969
- Edwin Tyson, Florida State University Professor
- Made 6000 collections for Army
- Tyson's first collections in Panama-1962
- Initial specimens for Summit Herbarium
- First to explore Cerro Santiago
- ATTC collection was the first major part of Summit Herbarium (SCZ)





1969 - Walter Lewis Establishes Panama field station at Summit Gardens – A successful and inexpensive strategy

- Trailer home at Summit Garden
- Herbarium SCZ at Summit Garden
- Field Vehicle
- Tom Croat 1st Curator of Summit Herbarium
 - PI for Flora of Panama until 1977, Bill Darcy is next
 - Croat conducts work on Barro Colorado Island
 - Croat writes BCI Flora at Summit Garden
- Fire damages Summit Herbarium building
- Herbarium moved to Gamboa-Dredging Division
- Moved to Ancon- Adopted by STRI

Lewis in the herbarium

Lewis in the field





Flora of Panama Renewal with NSF Funding

- Walter Lewis
- John Dwyer
- Tom Croat
- André Robyns
- Duncan Porter
- Marshal Crosby
- Derek Burch
- John Ridgeway
- Royce Oliver
- Joan Nowicki
- Will Blackwell
- Joseph Kirkbride









Robyns

- Susan Verhoek-Williams
- John Hawker
- Tom Elias
- Ken Baker
- Bruce MacBryde
- Dan Austin
- Ken Robertson
- Jerry Castilon
- Sr. Victoria Hayden
- Vern Durkee





Burch & Dwyer





Porter

Crosby





Summit Gardens at the entrance near the herbarium







Missouri Botanical Garden

Summit Botanical Gardens

- Founded 1923: One of the oldest in Central America
- Many interesting trees
- Original site of Summit Herbarium founded by Walter Lewis
- Flora of Barro Colorado Island was written at Summit
- Marianne Akers and other volunteers working to renew it

Marianne Akers









Summit Gardens Administration Building and Herbarium

SCZ Herbarium located on upper floor

MBG trailer house located behind the herbarium





Trailer House at Summit Gardens- A meeting place

John Dwyer with Bob Dressler & Bruce MacBryde, 1971





The Administration Building at Summit, after the fire which took off the top story and the loss of the herbarium.





Jim Duke and Joseph Kirkbride in Bocas del Toro



Jim Duke B. Birmingham, 1929 D. 4 April, 2017

First Collection in Panama 1966

Duke in field camp



Consulting with locals





Jim Duke and Joseph Kirkbride in Bocas del Toro

Jim Duke was friendly with all local people everywhere and was much beloved and well known throughout Darién Province







Kirkbride's collections in Panama = 1593 Duke's collections in Panama = 8950



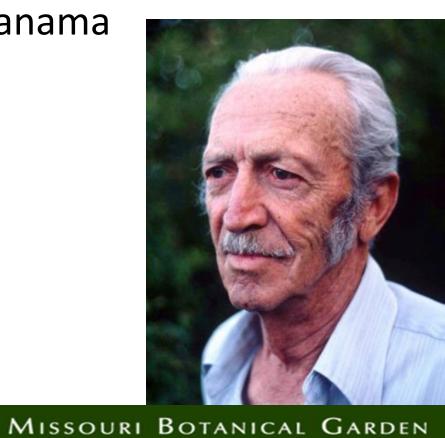


Leslie R. Holdridge & E. A. Lao- 1960's

- Forestry samples in support of Holdridge Lifezone map of Panama
- Developed Holdridge Lifezone map for Panama



1st Panama collection-April, 1968





Holdridge Life Zone Map

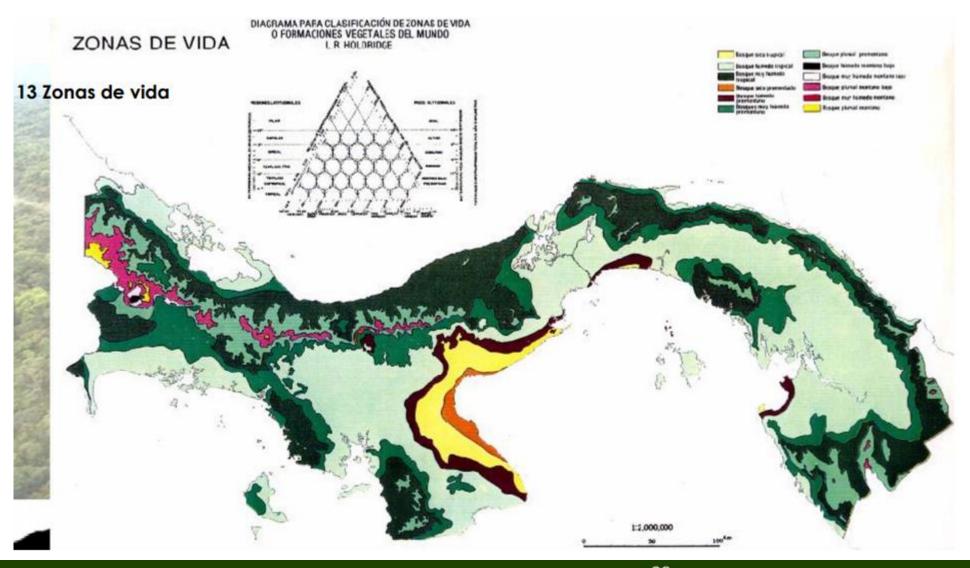
Errors occur owing to being based largely on tree distribution



🐮 Missouri Botanical Garden

Holdridge Life Zone Map, Online

http://www.cnpml.org.pa/images/mesa-de-dialogo/ponencias/sesion5/ponencia-10.pdf





Loss of natural vegetation has been severe

COSTA RICA



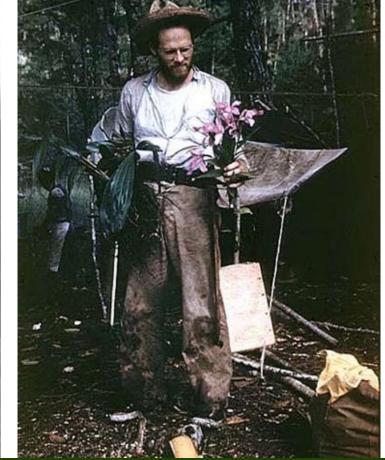
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1st Collection in Panama-1963

Bob Dressler Smithsonian Tropical Institute (STRI) 1960-1986

Dressler at Harvard











Bob Dressler Premier orchidologist who collaborated with botanists all over the world



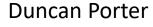




Flora of Panama Sponsored collecting trips to Panama for

John Dwyer









Walter Lewis

1st Panama collection-Dec., 1966

Tom Croat



Bill D'Arcy

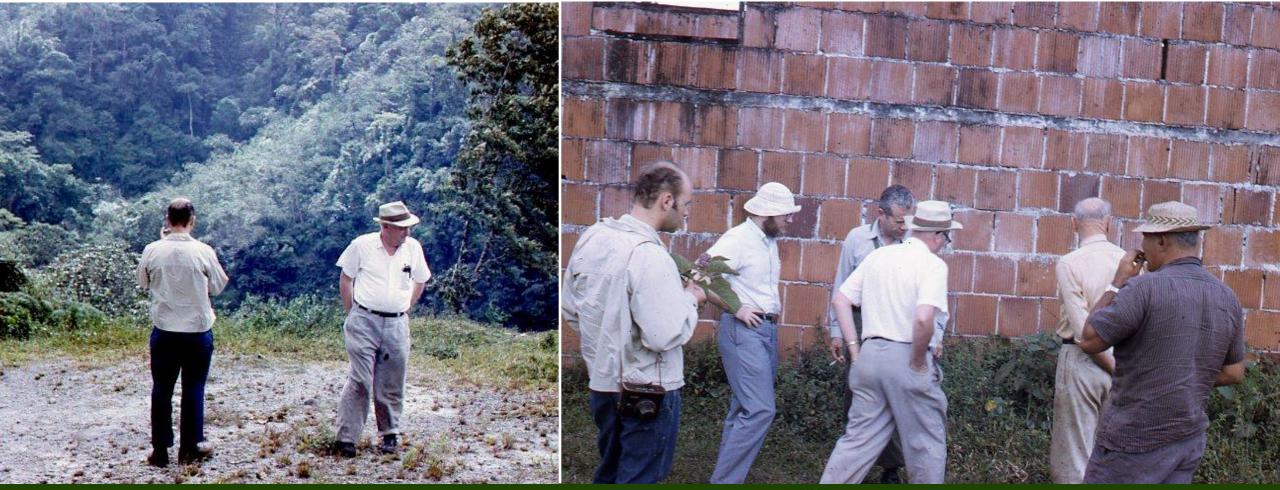




Second Walter Lewis Expedition to Panama

On of many Dwyer trips to Panama. This one funded by Walter Lewis's Flora of Panama grant.

Jerry Castilon, Duncan Porter, Ken Baker & John Dwyer at Furlong's Finca at La Mesa





Missouri Botanical Garden



Air Force Logistical Support

Trip by helicopter to Cerro Santiago



Mireya Correa & Walter Lewis boarding helicopter





Lewis and Hawker near where we spent the night



Helicopter abandonment on shoreline near Caloveborita, Panama







Missouri Botanical Garden

1st Expedition post reintroduction of Flora of Panama December 1969



Nowicki, Robyns, Verhoek visiting ATTC

Blackwell, Ridgway, Correa, Hawker & Lewis,

Army Tropic Test Center Herbarium- Miraflores Locks



With landing craft in Panama



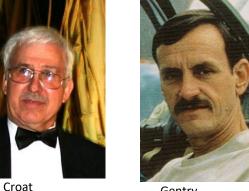
Arriving on coast of Panama not far from where we were abandoned in 1967



Curators of SCZ and Field Station Managers

15 Curators in 20 years

- Tom Croat (1971)
- Al Gentry (1972) •
- Helen Kennedy (1973) •
- Michael Nee (Aug., 1973-May, 1974 ٠
- Scott Mori [with Jackie Kallunki] (1975) ٠
- Tom Croat (1976) •
- James Folsom (Jan., 1977-Dec., 1977), •
- Barry Hammel (ca. 31 Jan. 1978 to May 1979) ٠
- Tom Antonio (1979-1980) ٠
- Ken Sytsma (1980-1981) ٠
- Sandra Knapp (Aug. 1981-July, 1982) ٠
- Clem Hamilton (Aug. 1982-July, 1983) •
- Hugh Churchill- (Aug., 1983 Sept., 1984) ٠
- Greg de Nevers- 1984 (Mar., 1984-July, 1985 ٠
- Gordon McPherson- 1985-1990





Knapp



Hammel







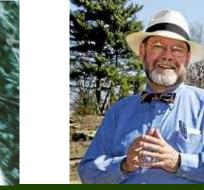
Antonio





McPherson





Hamilton





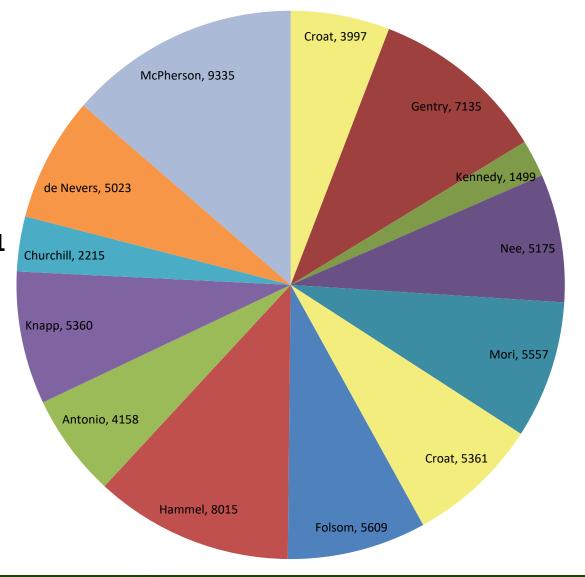




Collections made by SCZ Curators

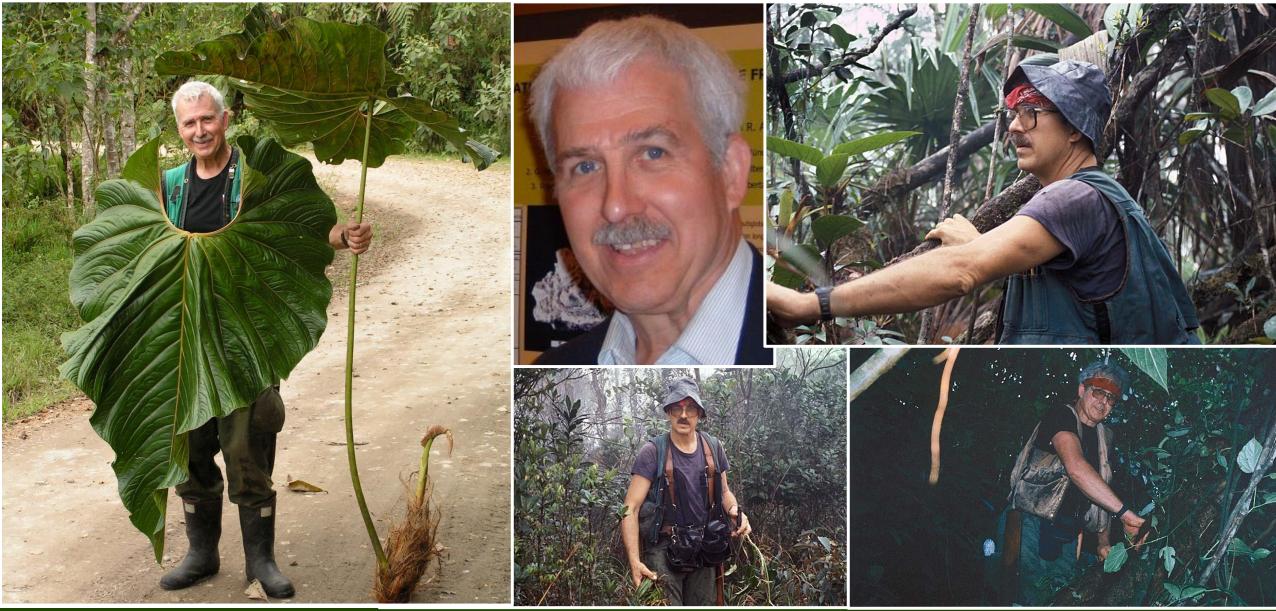
- Tom Croat (1971) **3,997**
- Al Gentry (1972) = **7135**
- Helen Kennedy (1973) = **1499**
- Michael Nee (Aug., 1973-May, 1974) = **5175**
- Scott Mori [with Jackie Kallunki] (1975) = 5557
- Tom Croat (1976) 5361 total 1763 CR, 3598 Pan. = **5361**
- James Folsom (Jan., 1977-Dec., 1977) = 5609
- Barry Hammel (ca. 31 Jan. 1978 to May 1979) = **8015**
- Tom Antonio (1979-1980) = **4158**
- Sandra Knapp (Aug. 1981-July, 1982) = **5360**
- Hugh Churchill- (Aug., 1983 Sept., 1984) = **2215**
- Greg de Nevers- 1984 (Mar., 1984-July, 1985) = **5023**
- Gordon McPherson- (1985-1990) = **9335**

Total Collections: 64439





Tom Croat – 1971





Al Gentry – 1972

Rosa Ortiz, Al Gentry, Mike Dillon, Mike Melampy



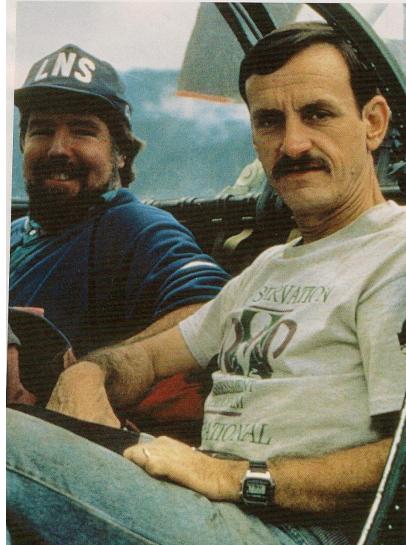
Washington Univ. Class by Croat



Died Aug. 3, 1993



Ted Parker (ornithologist, died in the same plane accident) & Gentry





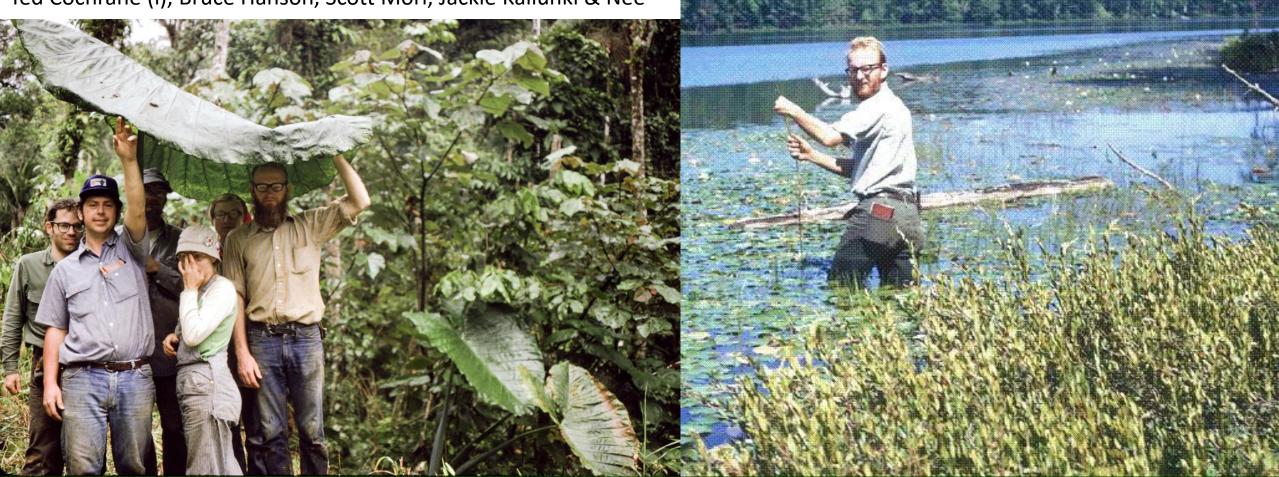
Helen Kennedy – 1973

Helen holding one of the many Marantaceae she collected and described.



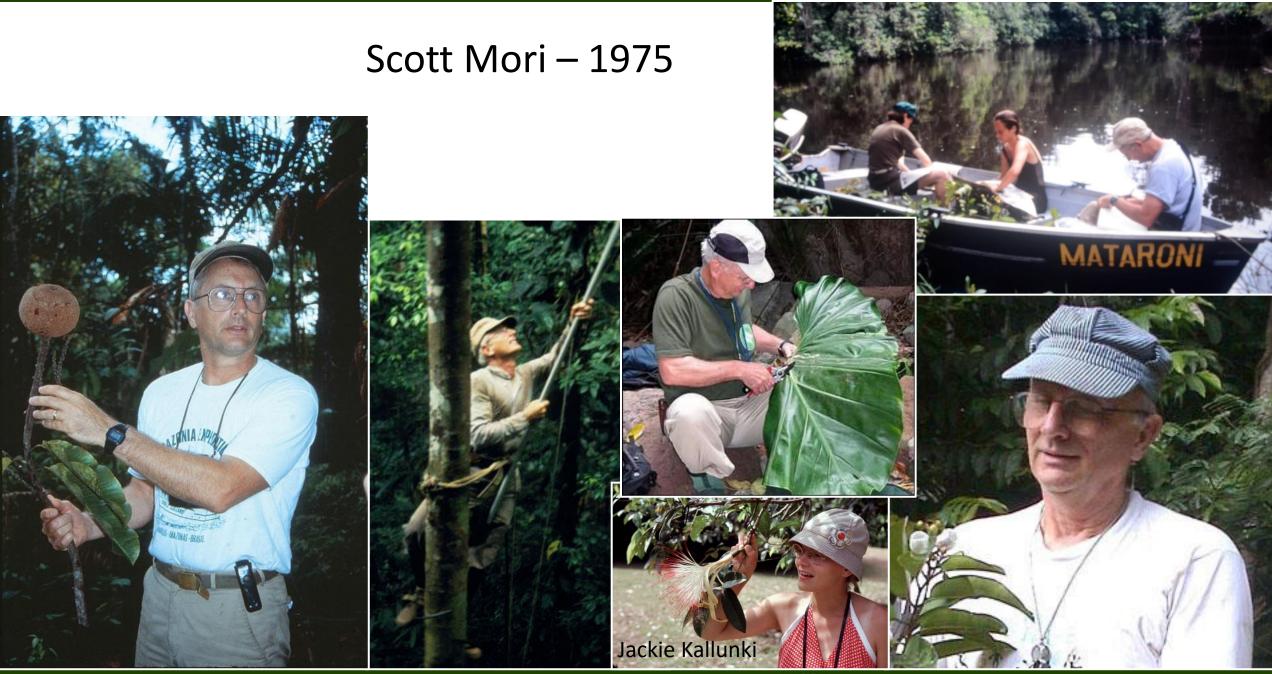
Michael Nee – 1974

Mike Nee with a group from University of Wisconsin Ted Cochrane (I), Bruce Hanson, Scott Mori, Jackie Kallunki & Nee





Missouri Botanical Garden





Croat's 2nd term as Curator of Summit Garden brou improvements in collecting ability













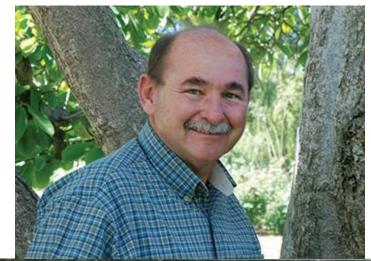






Jim Folsom – 1977

Currently Director, Huntington Botanical Garden



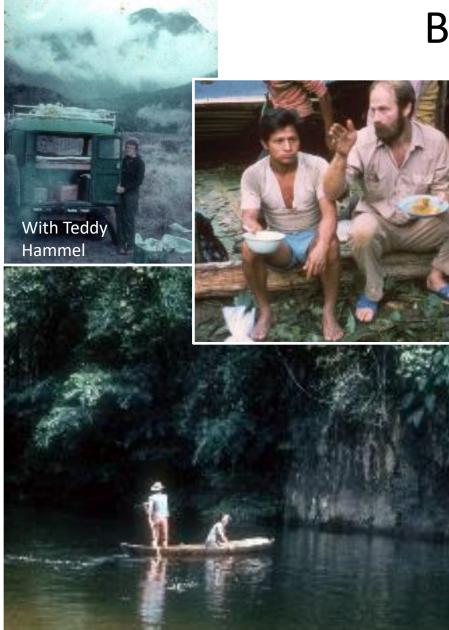






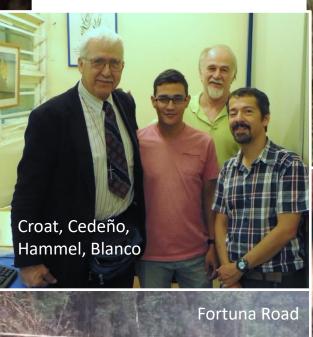






Barry Hammel – 1978

MBG staff member since 1984





Herrera, Cerro Tacarcuna





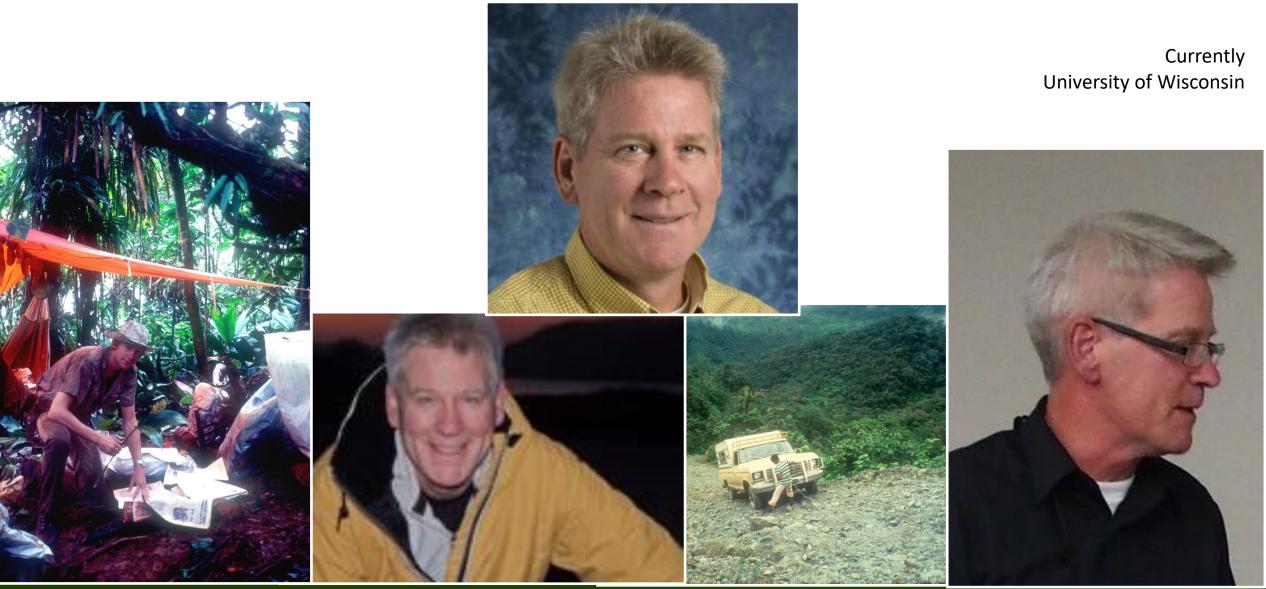
Tom Antonio 1979 – 1980

Presently Santa Fe Botanical Garden





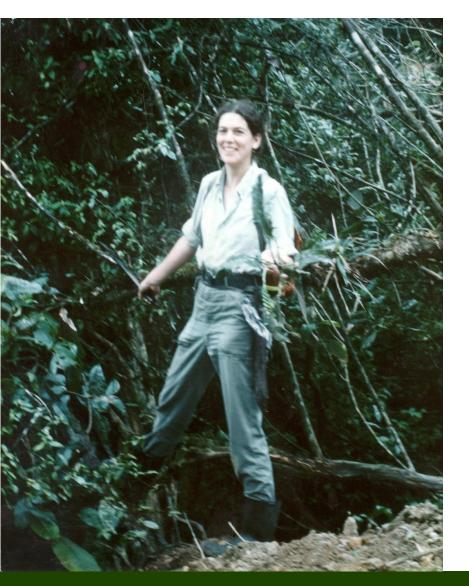
Kenneth Systma – Sept. - Nov., 1980





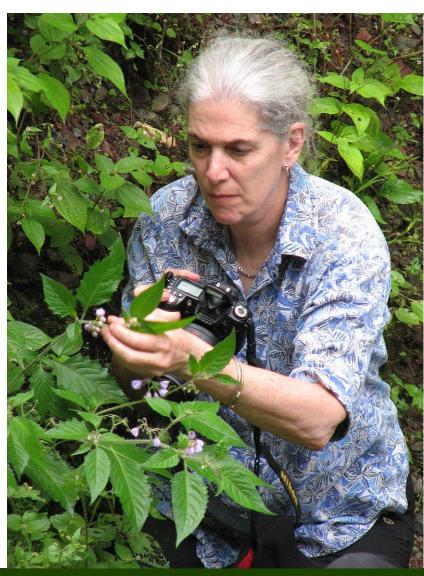
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Sandra Knapp – 1981 - 1982



Favorite places- Darién, Cerro Pate de Macho and Fortuna Road in Chiriquí Province

Director of Herbarium at British Museum





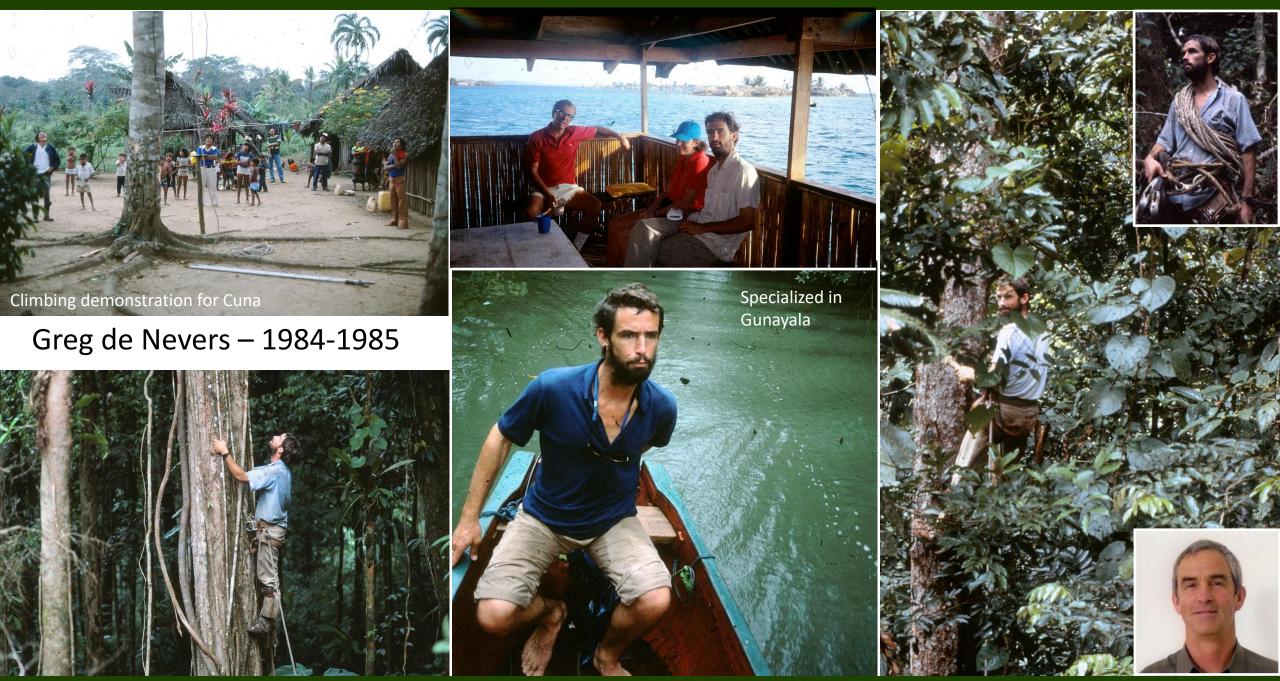
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Hugh Churchill – 1983 - 1984

- Concentrated in the Fortuna Dam area where he collected many new species.
- Overlapped with Greg de Nevers
- Hugh Churchill died July 12, 2014



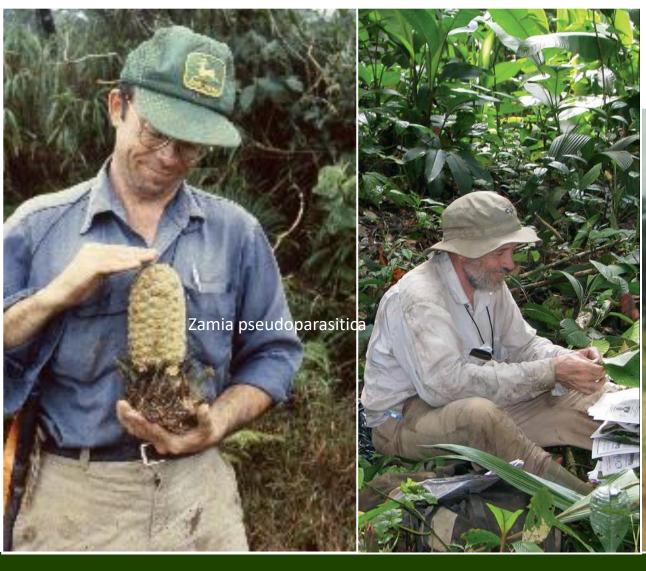






Gordon McPherson – 1985-1990

Staff member at Missouri since 1985



With British botanists John McDonagh and Nicola Gumpel on Cerro Jefe



Nicola Gumpel, Beverley Lewis, John McDonagh, Andrew Plumptre on Expedition to Cerro Pirre in Darién



Missouri Botanical Garden



Summit Herbarium Today

- SCZ adopted by Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute
- Mireya Correa and Carmen Galdames







Gerrit Davidse, MOBOT



Guanghua Zhu



Later visitors and students





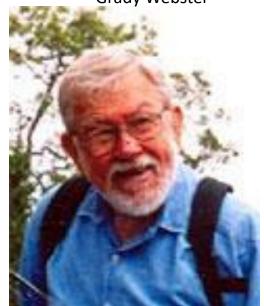
Marcos Cedeño



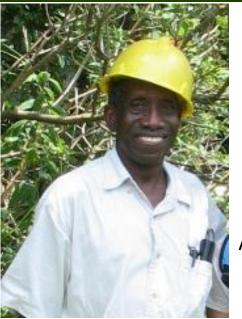
Riccardo Baldini



Grady Webster







Panamanian Collectors

Alberto Taylor

Norris Salazar



Herraclio Herrera





Orlando Ortiz









Dr. Mireya, Correa la grand dame de botanico Panameña







Claudia de Peralta (fisiologia vegetal), Noris Salazar & Mireya Correa

Universidad de Panama Herbario PMA



Correa with Salazar (I), Dilia Santamaría, Carmen Galdames Jorge Aranda & Jorge Sporle

- Phanerogamic Collection: ca. 135,000 collections; 2200 type collections-began with 5000 fifty years ago.
- FLORPAN: Collections of the Department pharmacology: bioprospecting, phytochemical research; Associated with Faculty of Medicine and bioassays with animals. Mahabir Gupta-International collaboration with (India, USA, Spain, England, Switzerland and Germany).

Mahabir Gupta-





Noris Salazar- Cryptogamic botany

12,000 mosses, ca. ½ collected by Norris

 Cryptogamic Collections (12,000) (incorporated in count with higher plants) Clementina Chung & José Gudiño



Clementina Chung



Other important Panamanian botanists

Novecidio Escobar, Professor of Correa



Escobar developed the first courses for botanist in Panama

> Alfredo Laña (Chilean) Alejandro Méndez Pereira Director de la Escuela: Dr. Octavio Sousa

Gramineae

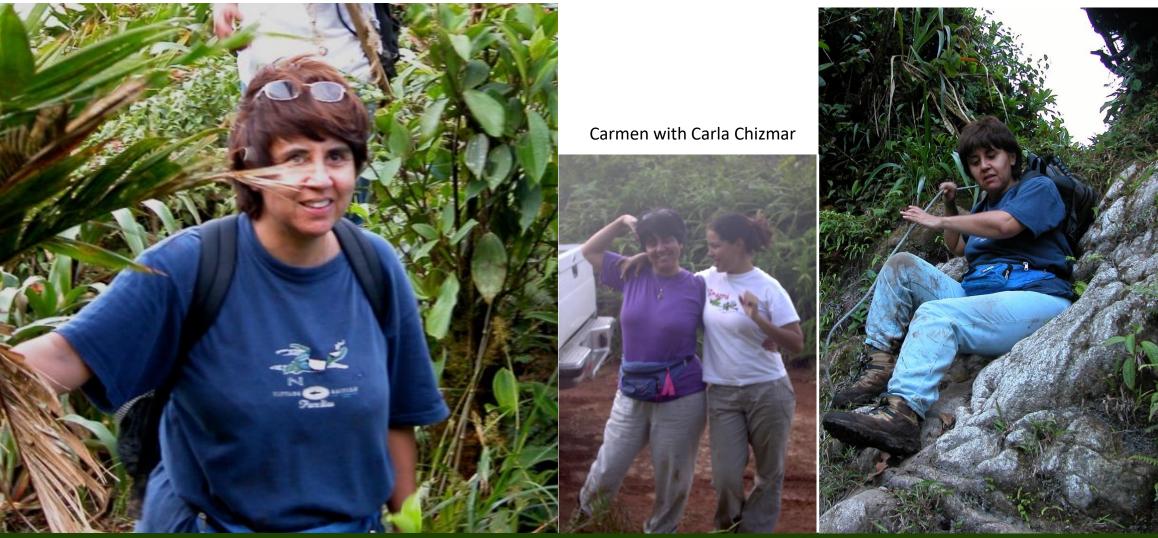
Works with Baldini

Prof. Cristina Garibaldi





Carmen Galdames, Chilean botanist living permanently in Panama





Maria de Stapf

Jefe del Departamento de Biolgia, Curador del Herbario, Universidad de Panama



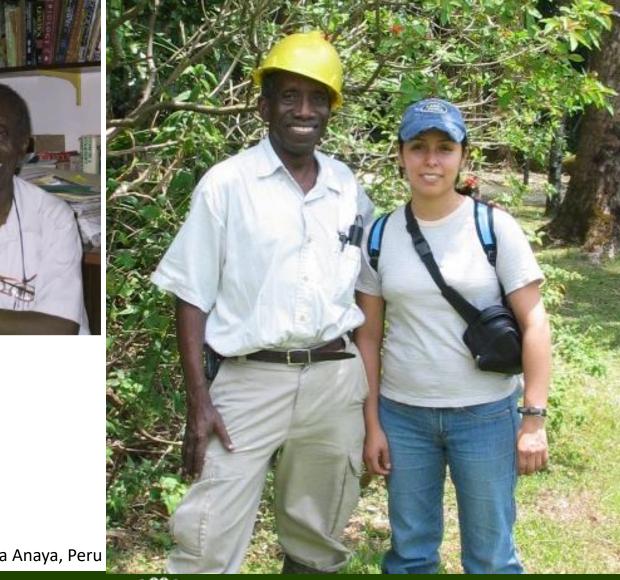






DE CICADAS ERSIDAD DE PANAM

Alberto Taylor





Rolando Perez

- Published more than 100 articles on Barro Colorado trees
- ForestGEO at the <u>Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute</u>

2008). Arboles del Canal de Panamá.
(2011). Arboles de Panamá y Costa Rica.
(2015). Lianas y Enredaderas de la Isla Barro Colorado, Panamá



Rolando shooting a line over a high tree branch



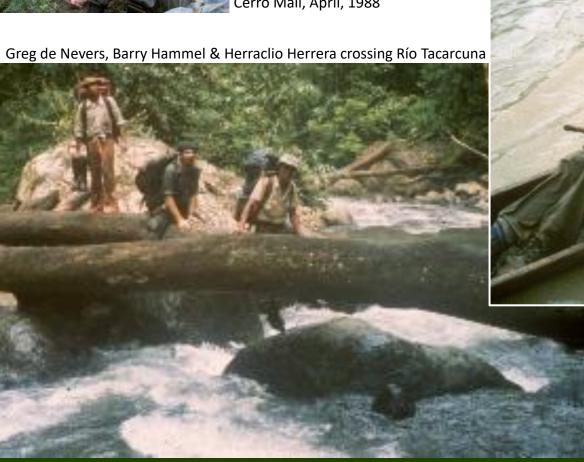


Herraclio Herrera



Río Pucura, on way to Cerro Tacarcuna foto. G. de Nevers

Herraclio Herrera, Barry Hammel & Juan Herrera Cerro Mali, April, 1988





Rio Pucuro, Herraclio Herrera & Greg de Nevers



Greg de Nevers & Herraclio Herrera on Cerro Mali, April, 1986



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Oris Rodríguez

Paleobotany; Ph.D from England; Member of University of Panama staff







Nayda Flores

A student of Mireya Correa and Noris Salazar; Currently a Professor at the University of Panama and Curator of Cryptogamic

Herbarium







José Polanco

Excellent general specialist in plant determination; works especially on floristics of higher elevations, especially Darién; Works for ANCON





Alex Espinoza

Created Nature Trail on Coiba Island National Park, 1999

Expert general plant determinations; Worked with FLORPAN; Now has his own plant business







Salomon Aguilar

Scientific research assistant for ForestGEO (formerly CTFS) at STRI Assistant professor of Botany, Regional University Centro, Colón.





Lucila Guillén

Specialist with Podocarpaceae Has worked at the PMA Herbarium for 25 years





Vielka Murillo

Received BA at Universidad de Panama; MS at Universidad de Concepción, Chile. Has worked for Herbario PMA for 20 years





Rafael Aizprúa

Has his own business involved with bioprospecting and Environmental Consulting





Rodolfo Flores

MA Universidad de Chiriquí



Alexandro De Sedas

With Fermin Hernández and Reyes Carranza-2007 wrote "Guide to Trees and Shrubs of University of Panama Main Campus "Guia folografica de las plants vasculares de Cerro Jefe"

Worked at PMA herbarium; worked in phytochemisty at INDICASAT); now a Ph.D. Student with a University in India





Alicia Ramos

Was Assistant to Mireya at STRI; Now in US

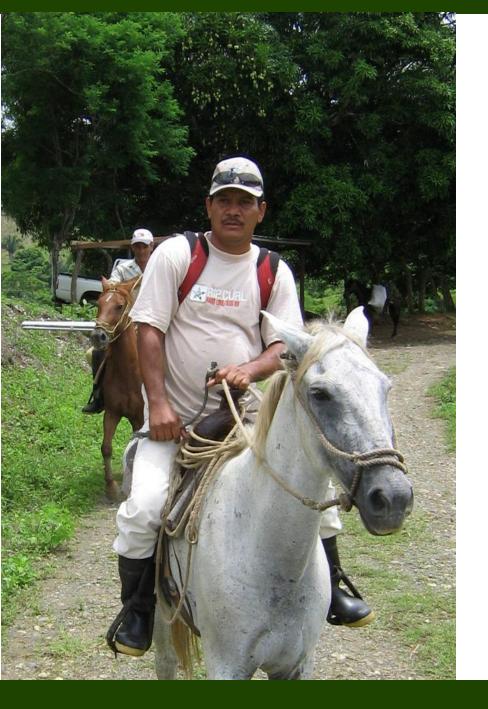


Karina Víquez



Student of Mireya; Worked for ANCON; Now works for STRI





Jorge Aranda

A good collector and generally knowledgeable taxonomist Now working for Repressa CHAN





Laurencio Martinez

Along with Alejandro De Sedas assisted in preparation of "Guia folografica de las plants vasculares de Cerro Jefe"

Worked at Donoso; Now works with BCG (Biological Consultants Group)

Anthurium laurencio Croat & Ortis is named in his honor.





Carla Chizmar

Rubiaceae-Ecology & Distribution on Coiba Island, Veraguas Province

Assistant to Mireya Corea; Presently working for PNUD (Programa de las Naciones Unidas- Ciudad del Saber



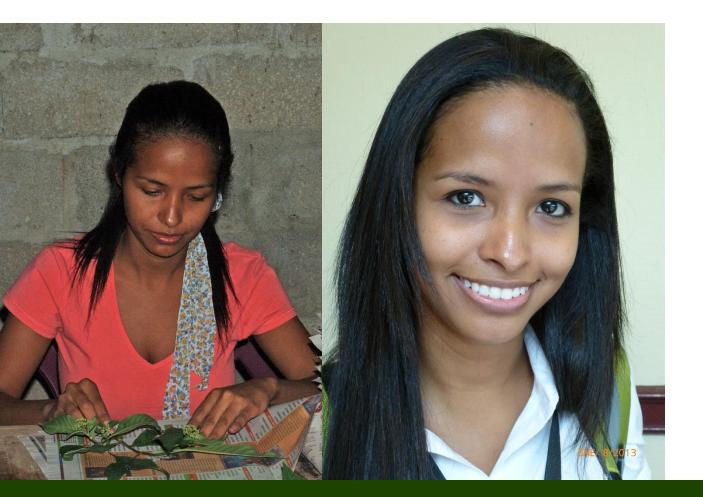


Fátima Rodríquez

Worked 5 years at PMA Herbarium; later worked for **Gorgas Memorial** Institute



Graciela Valdespino



Licieado at University of Panama (Correo) MA at UTP in Biología Vegetal Ambiente



Nelson Jaén



Works for Smithsonian Tropical Research Inst. On BCI





Martín Mitre



Good collector and general specialist; Works for ACP (Autoridad Canal Panama)





Noris Karina Toribio

Lic. and MA at University of Panama; Was Director of Parques Regional de Colón; Presently Assistant to Mireya at STRI





Roberto Vergara

Student in Dept. de Educación; Currnently works at Donoso





Christel Ramos



Univ. of Panama; Worked with Gordon McPherson at MO on Annona; Part of the Donoso Team to study Plants in Colon Province; Works at ICAB (Inst.Ciencias Ambientales)







Donoso collecting crew



Inving Vergara, Blanca Araúz, José De Gracia, Sumling Castillo, Christel Ramos





Orlando Ortiz

Smithsonian Research Short term Fellowship Award for studies at Fortuna on Araceae Alwyn Gentry Award-Missouri Botanical Garden Master's Thesis on Araceae of Cerro Pirre





Panamanian Localities where Discovery Occurred

- Collecting began in the immediate vicinity of the Isthmus, Panama City, Portobelo, Colón
- Along original railroad line from Colón to Panama
- Later to major hills and valleys of the interior
- New roads always led to new collecting areas



Collecting Localities- Early Collecting spots and the Hot Spots

Panama Province – Most of earliest seen localities were near Panama City

- Barro Colorado Island (Man made-shoreline modified)
- Summit Garden
- Cerro Campana
- Cerro Jefe
- El Llano-Cartí Road
- Madden Forest (Parque Nacional Soberanía)
- Pipeline Road



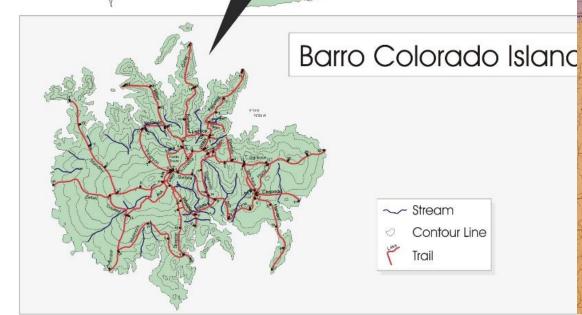
Barro Colorado Island

- Field station Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute (STRI)
- 62 miles of coast line
- Shoreline now greatly modified by hydrach succession
- Croat began work there in Panama in Dec. 1967
- 1 year field work over 24 months
- 6536 collections by Croat
- Phenological studies



Republic of Panama

Panama Canal Zone Barro Colorado Island in green near middle of lake.



Panama

on

Gatun locks on Atlantic side

3 locks lowering ships 180 feet



Barro Colorado Island, Panama





Barro Colorado Island, lab-clearing harbor





🐺 Missouri Botanical Garden

Small winch-driven cart to haul luggage and supplies from boat dock





Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute, Barro Colorado Island, Canal Zone

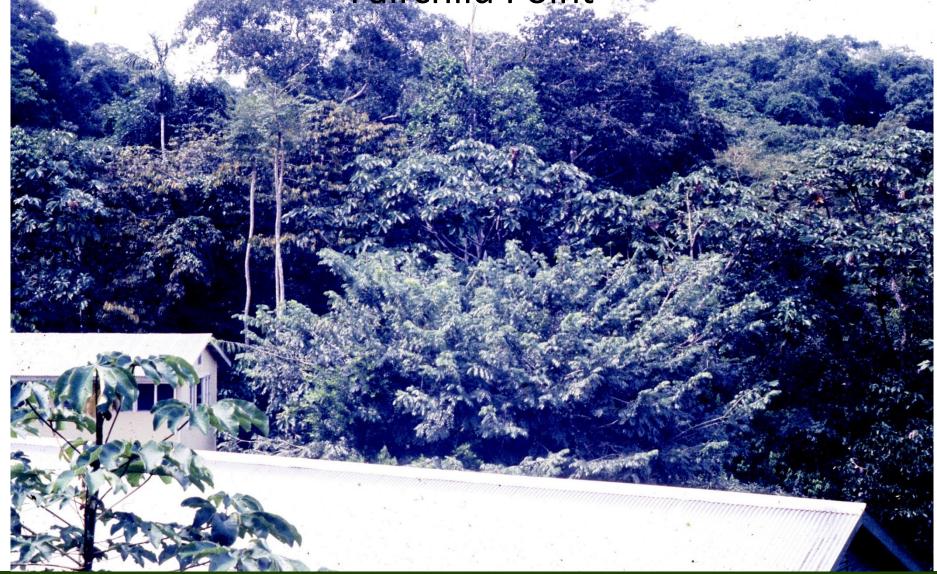
Some of the earlier buildings in lab clearing

View toward Gatun Lake





Barro Colorado Island laboratory clearing, looking into forest toward Fairchild Point

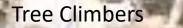




Administrative Zone of Barro Colorado Island Research Station, current





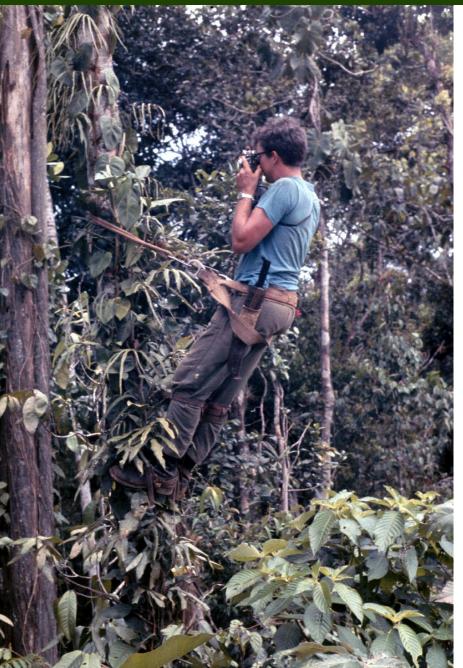


Using a machete to see the bark type and sap color

Collecting on Barro Colorado Island

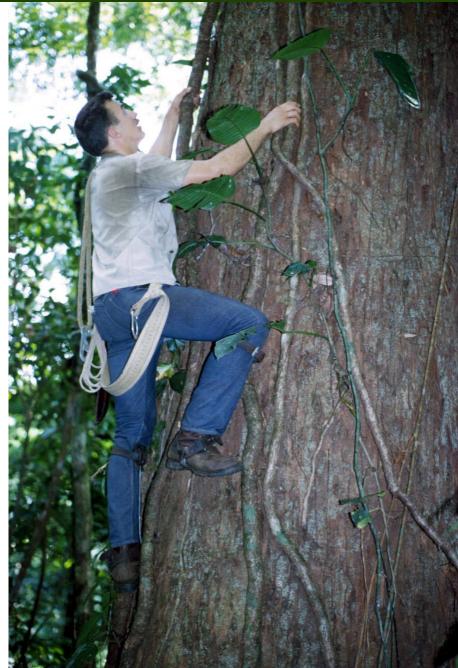
Since no trees could be felled tree climbers were used to get into the canopy





Climbing trees

Spikes enables one to go nearly anywhere
Opportunity to take
photos of epiphytes in
natural conditions





Near canopy Level





Canopy near laboratory clearing

High up in a Symphonia globulifera, Jacanada copaifera in rear





Twice my small aluminum was sunk by a boat as large as the one passing in the foreground

Using small aluminum boat to collect on the shoreline





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Narrow tree-lined coves filled with aquatics

Entering the deep coves required the use of oars because the propeller would get wrapped up with Hydrilla



🐮 Missouri Botanical Garden

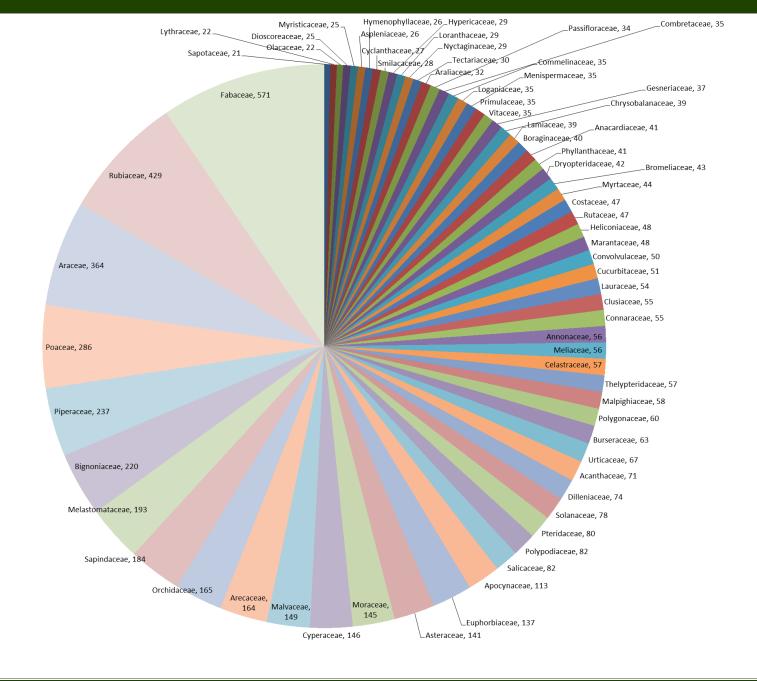
The last stages of hydrarch succession in a cove



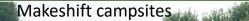
Natural deposits of soil eventually close the inlets with a succession of different aquatic stages of vegetation followed by trees. This will soon be a land bridge.



Croat collections by Family on BCI

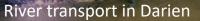






Santa Rita Ridge Road with

John Dwyer





Collecting with John Dwyer

Saving animals with World wildlife on rapidly filing Bayano Lake Airstriip at Cana- Collected 245 numbers in one day on Cerro Pirre



Rio Tuquesa

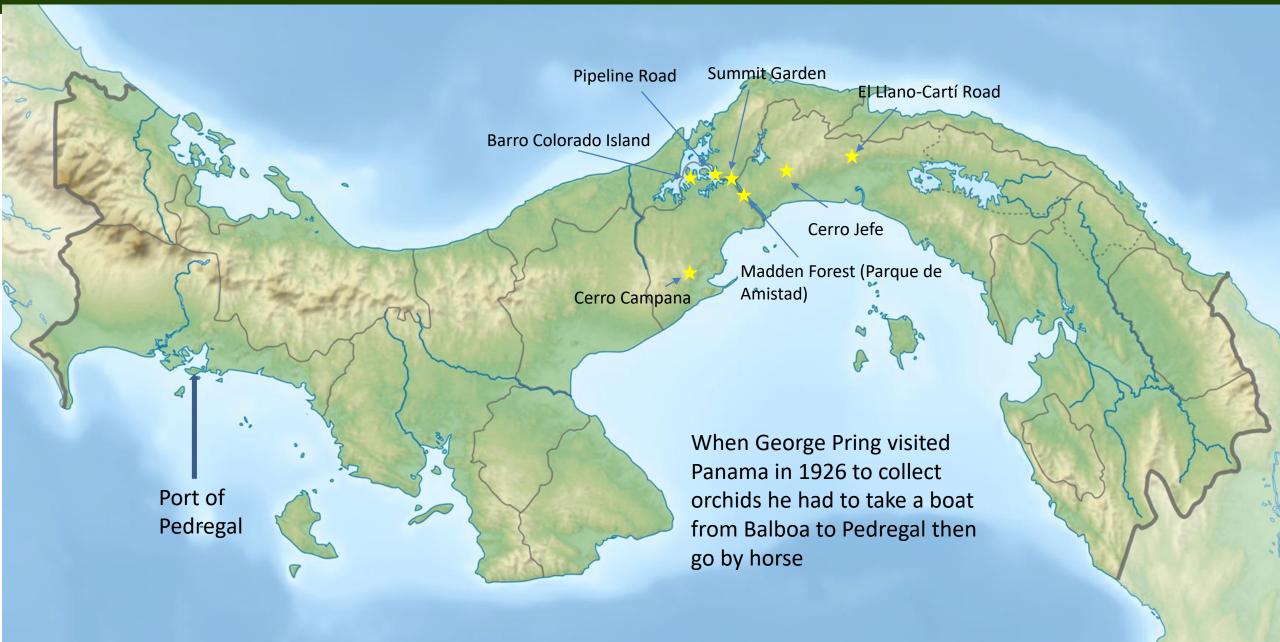
mine

Kittridge gold

Missouri Botanical Garden

Panama with changes in Provincial borders







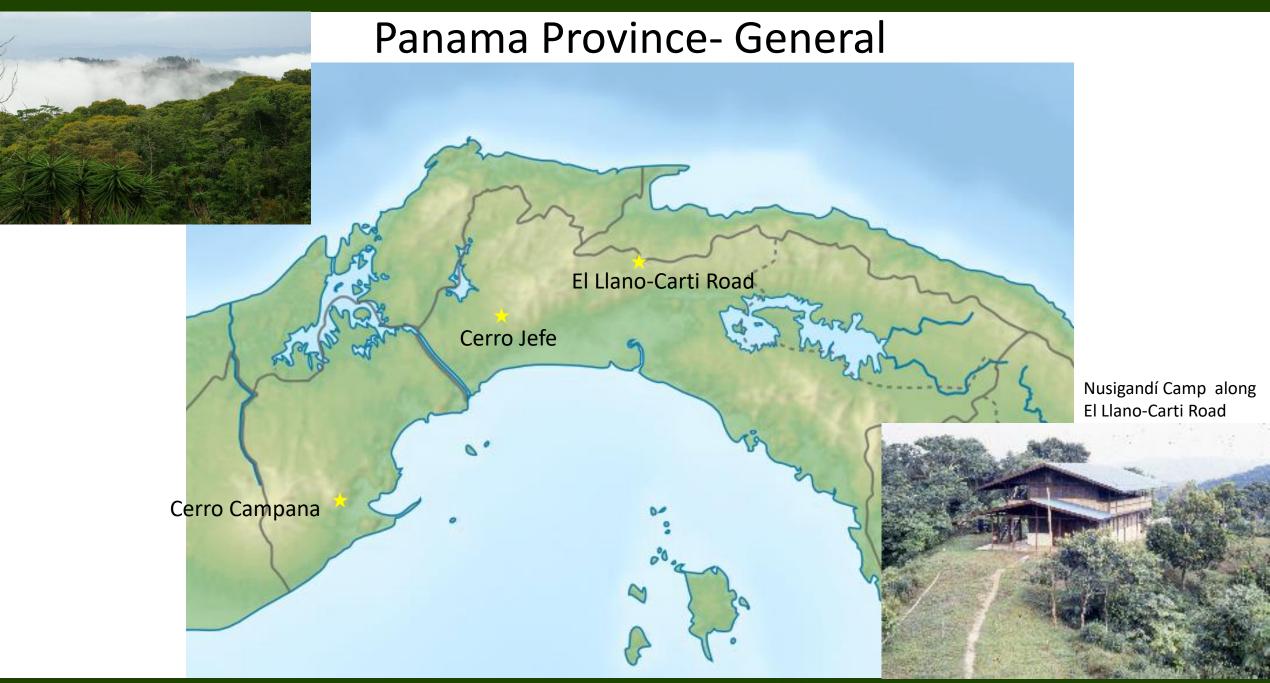
First visits to areas in Panama by Croat

Locality	1st Croat Visit	First Collector	Date of Visit
Bayano Lake	May 1976	James Duke	Sept 1961
BCI	Dec 1967	Sutton Hayes	1859-1860
Burica Peninsula - San Bar	Feb 1973	Croat	Feb 1973
Cerro Azul	Jul 1970	A.G.B.	May 1941
Cerro Campana	Sept. 1970	Paul Allen	Dec 1938
Cerro Colorado	Jul 1976	Leslie Rensselaer	Jul 1938
Cerro Jefe	Jul 1971	Paul Allen	Apr 1946
Cerro Pilon	Jul 1976	James Duke	Aug 1957
Cerro Pirre	Jul 1971	William Stern	Jun 1959
Cerro Punta	May 1970	Russel Seibert	Jul 1925
Cerro Santiago	Nov 1967 *visit to summit	Berthod Seemann	1846-1849
El Copé	Jan 1978	Mirreya Correa	Oct 1967
El Llano-Carti Rd	Mar 1976	Helen Kennedy	Feb 1973
Ft. Sherman-Piñas	Jan 1970	James Duke	Oct 1961
Isla Taboga		George Barclay	Jan 1837
La Mesa	Feb 1971	Paul Allen	Jan 1941
Palo Verde		Gaspar Silvera	Dec 1905
Pate de Macho	Nov 1979	Tom Croat	Nov 1979
Pipeline Road	Jul 1976	Claude Smith	Dec 1957
Rio Guanche	Aug 1974	Bob Dressler	Mar 1973
Rio Indio	Mar 1976	William Maxon	Feb 1911
Rio Tuqueza		Narciso Bristan	Jun 1967
Santa Fe de Veraguas	Jul 1974	Charles Powell	Feb 1924
Santa Rita Ridge Rd	Jan 1971	Robert Dressler	Dec 1964

First to visit important areas based on Tropicos records

Most collections by Croat in Panama were made during 1970-1974

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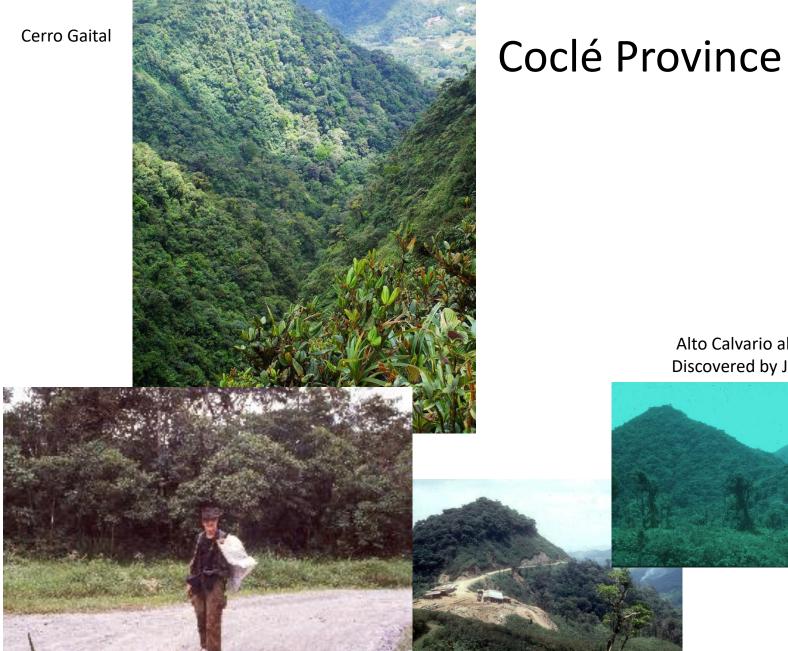
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Panama Oeste

Cerro Campana









Alto Calvario above saw works, above El Copé Discovered by Jim Folsom, now a National Park





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Rio Guanche



Colón Province

Río Guanche Santa Rita Ridge Road Ft. Sherman- Piñas

Donosco copper mine area



Parque Nacional Chagres



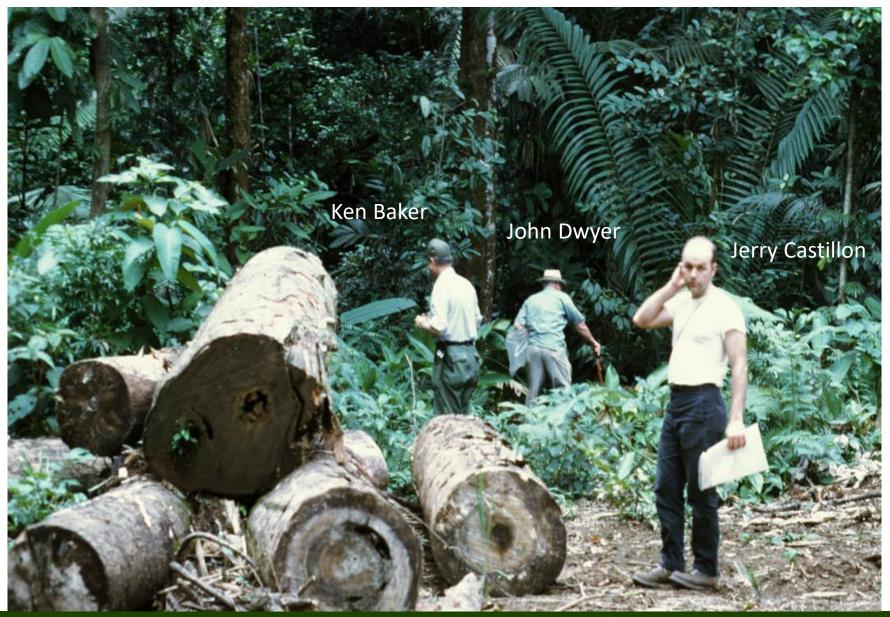


Road to Donoso copper mine area





MBG Fieldwork in Panama on Santa Rita Ridge Lumber Road with Baker, Dwyer & Castillon





Volcán-Cerro Punta, Amistad Park Boquete (Cerro Pate de Macho)

Volcán Barú



Much of lowland Chiriquí is devoted to grazing with annual burning of vegetation

Chiriquí Province

Boquete: Cerro Pate de Macho





Volcan Baru





50,000th collection *Philodendron fortunense*



Fortuna

An area of high species diversity and endemism



Missouri Botanical Garden



Rodolfo Flores & Ernesto Campos (r). Campos is assistant to Mireya Correa

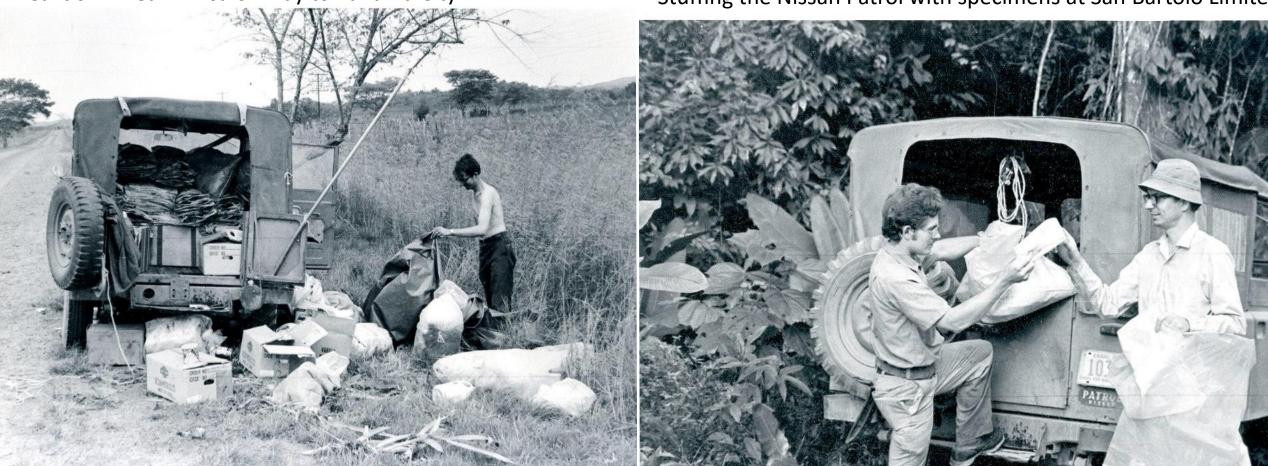


Working in the forest in El Chorogo (San Bartolo) near Puerto Armuelles



Expedition to Burica Peninsula

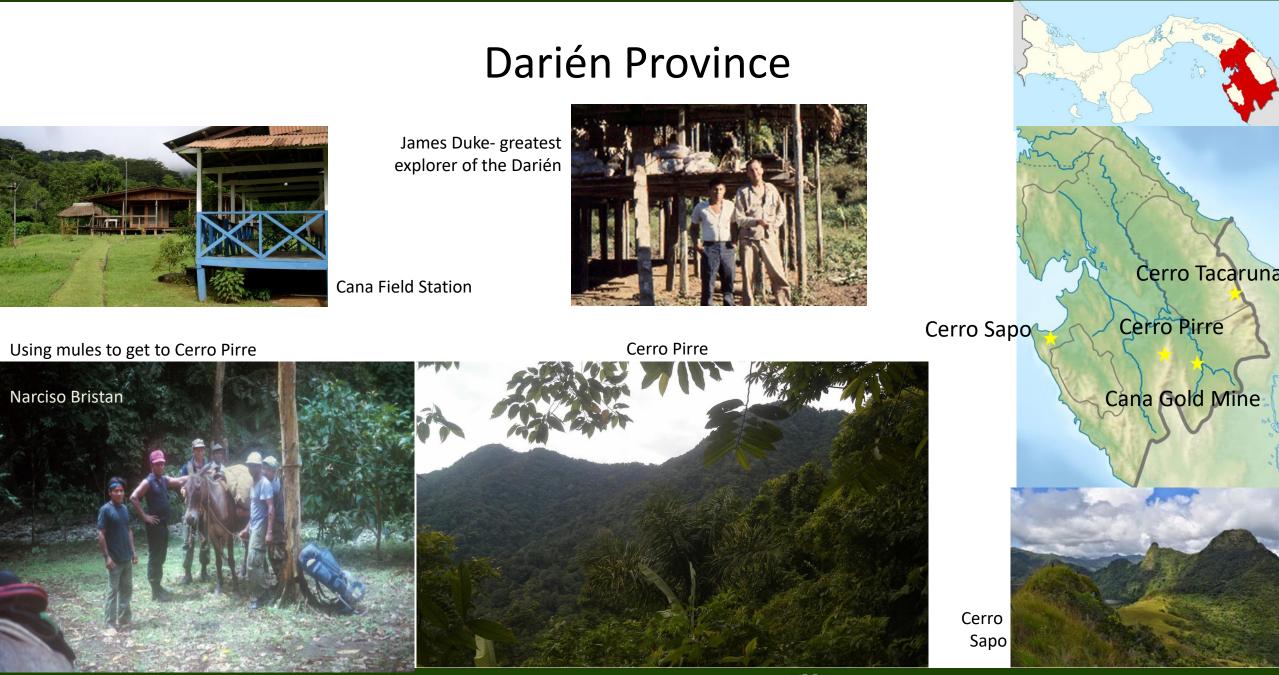
Croat, Liesner & Busey collected in San Bartolo limite 45 years ago!



Breakdown near Divisa on way to Panama City

Stuffing the Nissan Patrol with specimens at San Bartolo Limite





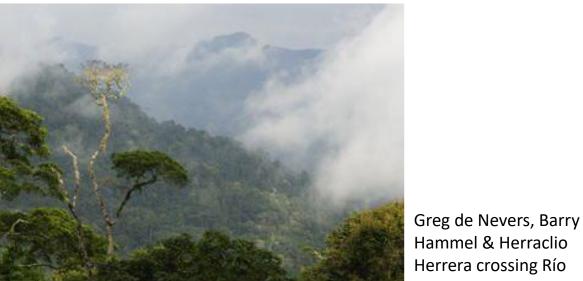


Trip to Cerro Tacarcuna

First Botancal Expedition was by Gentry and Mori-1975

Barry Hammel in camp along Río Tacarcuna







Airing out feet with foot rot on trip to Cerro Tacarcuna,







Comarca Guna Yala (formerly San Blas)

Still poorly known for the most part

Auraliano, a guide, Micky Marcos, Heraclio Herrera, Greg de Nevers







Ngäbe - Buglé





Croat's first visit in July, 1976

Road to Cerro Colorado

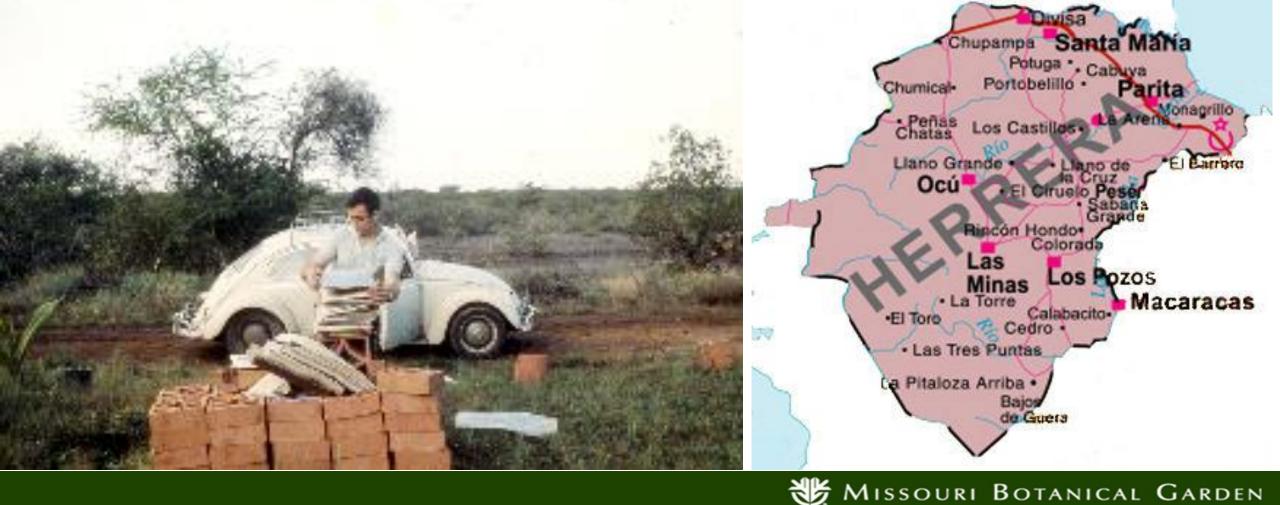






Herrera- Azuero Peninsula

Tom Croat pressing plants- 1976 trip with Bill D'Arcy to the Azuero Peninsula







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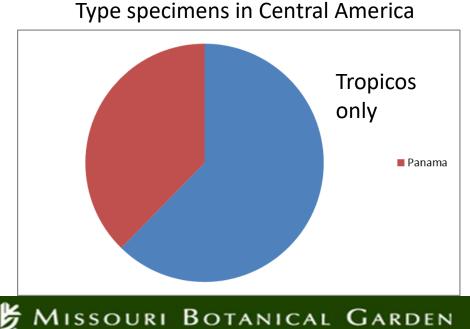
Sante Fe to Calovebora Road, was nearly impassible in 1994



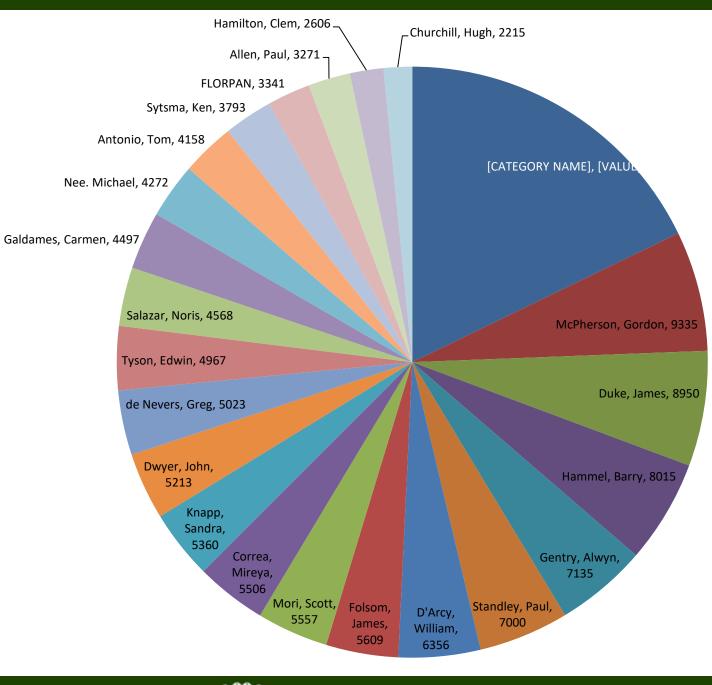


Results of Collecting Program

- 198,355 Collections since Woodson initiated the Program in Panama in 1936
- 1700 Collectors have made specimens in Panama since the year 1700
- 3446 Panamanian type specimens recorded in Tropicos



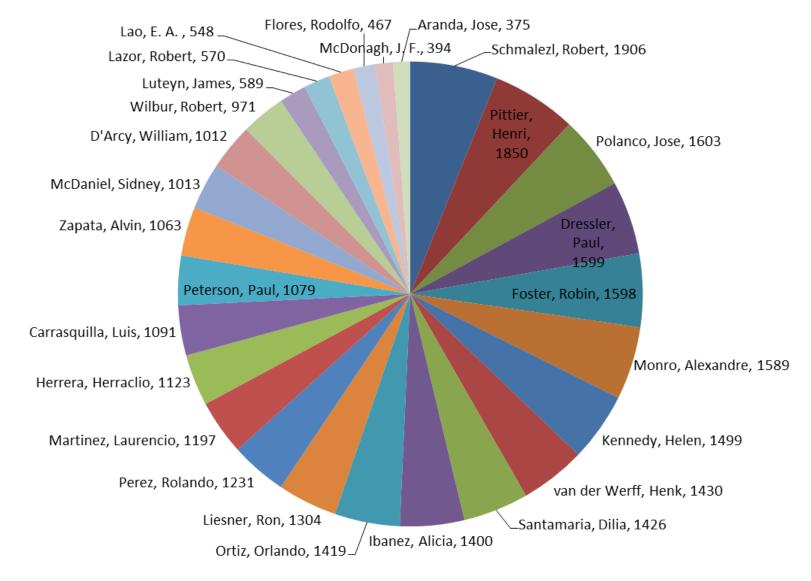
Most Prolific Collectors ranked 1 - 25



per Tropicos



Most Prolific Collectors ranked 26 – 50



Per Tropicos

Campanulaceae, 20 Collections by **Families in Panama**

For presentation purposes, all

Based on Tropicos

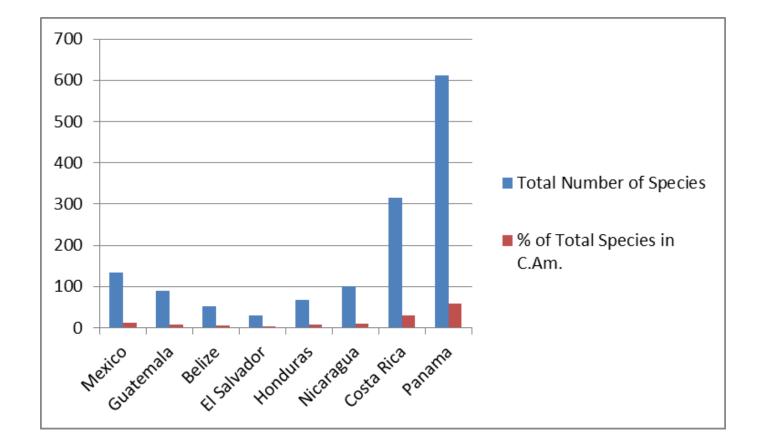
Malpighiaceae, 20 - Clusiaceae, 23 Araliaceae, 25 Acanthaceae. 27 Lecythidaceae, 20 Malvacea Myrtaceae, 23 Begoniaceae, 28 e, 28 Marantaceae, 29 Lauraceae, 31 Annonaceae, 33 Poaceae, 35 Ericaceae, 37 Sapindaceae, 38 Solanaceae, 43 Orchidaceae, 626 Apocynaceae, 48 Fabaceae, 54 Urticaceae, 61 Arecaceae, 69 Asteraceae, 69 Gesneriaceae, 70 Araceae, 503 Melastomataceae, 96 Primulaceae , 133 Families with fewer than 20 omitted Piperaceae, 241 Rubiaceae, 335

Checklist for Flora of Central America

3 X. knappii Croat & Delannay	1										1									
X. laselvense Croat & Delannay	1									1		1							1	
X. mafaffa Schott	1									1		1								
1 X. mexicanum liebmann	1			1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1								
2 X. ortizii Croat	1										1									
3 X. petaquillense Croat, Delannay & Lingan	1										1									
4 X. pringlei Croat	1			1									1							
5 X. robustum Schott	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1								
X. sagittifolium (L) Schott Introduced	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1								
7 X. cerrosapense Croat & O. Ortiz	1										1									
3 X. undipes C. Koch	1									1	1	1								
X. violaceum Schott	1																			
X. wendlandii (Schott) Standley	1			1	1		1	1	1	1		1								
1 X. yucatanense Engler	1			1									1							
2 Total Xanthosoma	18	0	0	6	4	3	4	3	4	8	10	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
3																				Ĺ
4 ZANTEDESHIA																				
5 Z. aethiopica										1	1	1								
TOTAL ZANTEDESHIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7 Grand Total Species	1014	371		135	89.5	53.5	30	67	102	315	612	323	92	14	2	0	4	2	150	57
8		1385		13%	9%	5%	3%	7%	10%	31%	60%		68%	16%	4%	0%	6%	2%	48%	94%
• Total Genera	25																			

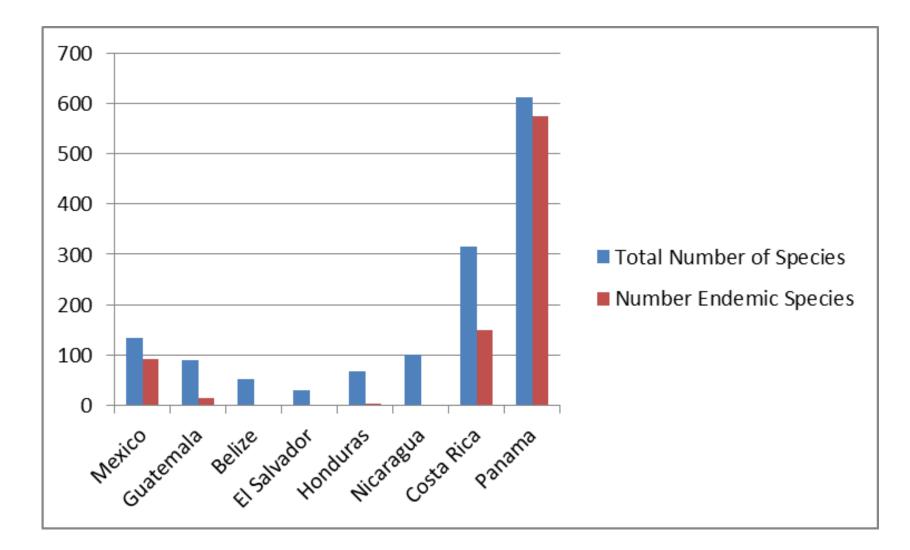


Number of species and % Total species in Central America





Total number of species and % of endemic species





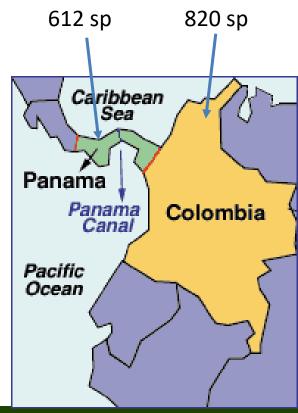
Looking at the now completed Checklist of the Araceae of Central America

- Central America Araceae has 1014 species versus 820 for Colombia.
- Panama has 612 species, comprising 60% of the total Central American flora.
- Endemism is greatest in Panama with has 94% of its species endemic!



Floristic Comparisons of Central and South America

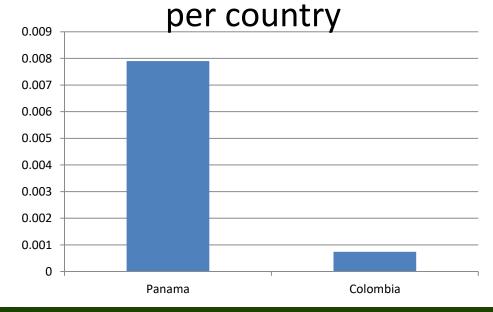
- A complete list of aroid species exists for Central America (1014 species). Most explored parts of Central America are reasonably wellknown [Probably 10% of the flora is still not yet collected].
- Endemism and Species Diversity increases dramatically as one approaches South America.
- Panama (with 60% of all the species in Central America) has 612 species, 94% of them presently believed to be endemic.
- Colombia, **15 times larger** in area and many times more diverse, has only 820 named species.





PANAMA - COLOMBIA

- Species richness in Panama 0.0079 species/km sq.
- Species richness in Colombia 0.00074 species/km sq.
 - Think of this as the equivalent of Panama= 79 and Colombia= 7. That is an 11fold difference in unit species diversity!



Known species richness

Species richness with Araceae is especially high with newly discovered species.

- Anthurium 110 to 357
- Dieffenbachia 6 to 27
- Monstera 21 to 91
- Philodendron 35 to 123
- Rhodospatha 2 to 12
- Spathiphyllum 8 to 26
- Stenospermation 5 to 53
- Syngonium 12 to 28
- Xanthosoma 9 to 18

Increases in number of species in Aroid Genera in last 30 years, just during the latter half of my career



Conservative extrapolation assures great increases

- Colombia alone must have between 8,000 and 12,000 undiscovered species.
- Collecting has essentially stopped or is progressing too slowly to prevent mass extinction before these species are collected, studied and described.
- Experts must be encouraged to collect for greatest efficiency.
 - Jatun Sacha Biological Station: great increases in number of species with less than 6 hours of collecting



Study in England found that most new species were discovered by less than 3% of all collectors. Megacollectors had 3 characteristics.

- Collected throughout most of their professional lifetime (58 yrs)
- Collected in many different areas (> 5000 localities; 142 countries
 collected in 42 of these)
- Have a special taxonomic group that keeps them searching. Keeps them going to the field (Araceae



Carl Luer Missouri Botanical Gardens > 3000 Orchids



Tom Croat, Missouri Botanical Garden >3000 Araceae



Peter Davis University of Edinburgh Collected in Turkey

🖌 Missouri Botanical Garden

Important Need for Inventory Studies

- Unfortunately Collecting is no longer considered important
- Too few students are doing floristic studies where they learn large and complex groups of plants
- Floristic studies are considered unimportant-can't even be published
- However, floristic studies are often the basis for in-depth collecting and understanding
- Without initial collecting activity experts don't even know where to go



Legal and Logistical Impediments to Collecting

- Most countries have serious impediments to collecting
- Some countries allow only experts permission and disallow general collecting despite the inefficiencies
- Requirements for permits discourage all but most persistent from getting permits
- In-country movement of plants is sometimes prohibited creating even more obstacles



Despite our inability to collect incremental removal of forest always leads to the same endvast areas of poorly used, annually burned pasture with little nutrients

Forest Destruction in the Tropics



A pesar de nuestra incapacidad para recolectar, la eliminación incremental de los bosques, siempre se llega al mismo extremo: vastas áreas de pastos quemados anualmente y poco usados con pocos nutrientes.



Conclusions

- Latin America has vast potential for new species, especially in NW South America, Panama, Andean countries of South America but even in mesic and dry habitats not previously studied.
- Panama though enormously rich in species is still not well known but Colombia but contrast is scarcely known at all.
- Efforts should be made to increase collecting activities.
- Local floristic studies should be encouraged in the tropics and such studies should be published to encourage such studies.
- Tropical florulas develop expertise, interest and eventual specialists. These are ideal studies for Latin American students.



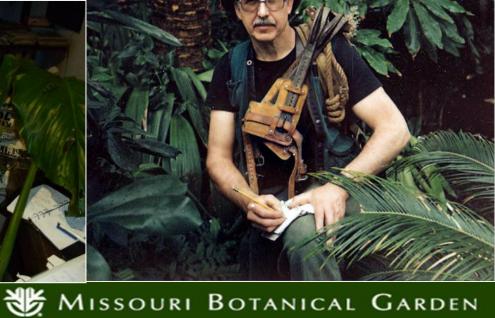
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Tropical **florulas develop expertise**, interest and eventual specialists. These are ideal studies for Latin American students.



Thank you for your attention



Gracias, Amigos Panameño.

