# Stenospermation (Araceae) of the Lita-San Lorenzo region, Esmeraldas Province (Ecuador)



S. scariosum

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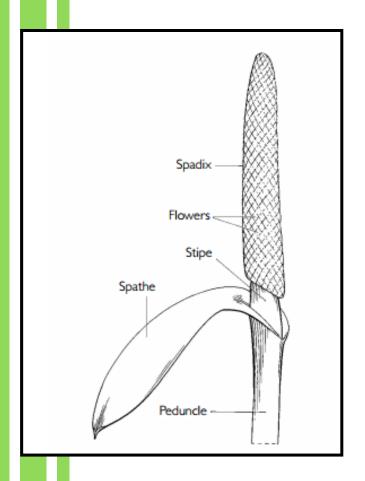
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#### Araceae



- Herbaceous monocots
- 125 genera 3750+ species
- Primarily tropical
- Distinctive floral morphology spathe and spadix

## Araceae



# Stenospermation Schott 1858

- Neotropical
- From Central America to Amazon Basin and Atlantic Brazil
- Subfamily Monsteroideae
- Relatively unstudied
  - Last revision 1908 with 21 species
  - 110 published species
  - 250+ expected



# Stenospermation

- Mostly epiphytic or hemiepiphytic
- Petioles prominently sheathed
- Moderately coriaceous mostly medium to dark green blades
- Inflorescence erect with a deciduous usually white spathe and a usually white spadix



Mayo et al. 1997

#### Lita-San Lorenzo

- Northwest Ecuador
- High rate of endemism
- Collections along Lita-San Lorenzo Road
- Several aroid studies planned for the region



# History of the Lita-San Lorenzo Region



- Ibarra-San Lorenzo train line constructed in 1908
- Timber industry–Balsa wood
- In 1998, rail line discontinued, road was instated
- Plans to expand the road

#### Methods

- Collections were made by Tom Croat and colleagues from 1998–2005
- Undetermined MBG herbarium specimens from the same region were combined
- Keyed to known species or sorted into putative species groups
- Species were described and key for the region was produced
- Type specimens scanned and entered into Tropicos (www.Tropicos.org)

• Inflorescences?



*S. costatum* 



S. tululbiense



Magnified leaf surface

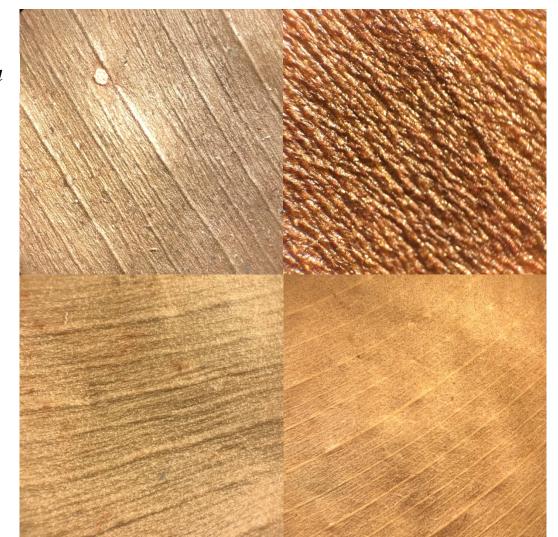


S. scariosum





S. nigropunctatum



S. kinsingeriae

S. minor

S. cornejoi

- Habit
- Internodes
- Petioles
- Blades
- Midribs
- Primary lateral veins

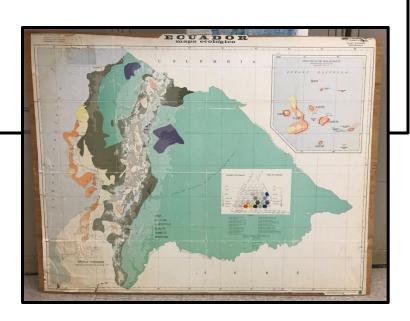
- Upper and lower blade surfaces
- Peduncles
- Spathe
- Spadix
- Flowers

S. viridilaminum



## Species Descriptions

- Character description
- Range, elevation, and Holdrige life zone
- Diagnosis
- Comparison
- Etymology



#### Results

- 32 species of *Stenospermation* were identified in the Lita-San Lorenzo region. Of these:
  - 5 are previously published species, found throughout Ecuador or in other countries
  - 16 are new species, endemic to the Lita-San Lorenzo region and have been given a scientific name
  - 11 are new species, unable to be named because of the lack of fertile material but are instead assigned a unique number

## Results

S. bethoweniae	S. brunneus	S. carlseniae	S. casablancense
S. chuchubiense	S. cornejoi	S. costatum	S. grandilaminum
S. hannoniae	S. kinsingeriae	S. mansellii	S. minor
S. montenegrae	S. purpurascens	S. scariosum	S. schwerdtfegerii

### Discussion and Future Directions

- Stenospermation is larger than thought
- More collections needed
- Revision is needed
- Further studies in the Lita-San Lorenzo region

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